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1 INIRODUCTION

This instrument is compact, rugged, battery operated, handheld 31/-digit digital multimeter for measuring DC and AC voltage DC and AC current, Resistance and Diode, Capacitance, Transistor, continuity Test and temperature or frequency The Dual-slope A-D Converter uses C-MOS technology for auto-zeroing polarity selection and over-range indication. Full overload protection is provided it is an ideal instrument for use in the field, laboratory, workshop, hobby and home applications.

2 FEATURES

- ★ Push-button ON-OFF power switch
- ★ Single 30 position easy to use rotary switch for FUNCTION and RANGE selection
- → High sensitivity of 100µV
- * Automatic overrange indication with the "1" displayed
- * Automatic polarity indication on DC ranges
- * All ranges fully protected
- * Resistance measurements 0.1Ω to 200MΩ ★ Capacitance measurements 1pF to 20uF
- * Diode testing with 1mA fixed current.
- * Transistor hFE Test With ib 100µA.
- * Temperature measurement with or without K type thermocouple

3. SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracies are ± (% reading + No. of digits) Gurranteed for 1 year, 237 ± 57 less than 75% RH

DC Voltage

RANGE	ACCURACY	RESOLUTION
200mV	on officery although the second of	100μV
2V	± 0.5% of rdg ± 5 digit	1mV
20V		10mV
200V		100mV
1000V	± 0.8% of rdg ± 2 digit	5V

Input Impedance, 10M ohm on all ranges. Overload Protection 1000V dc or peak ac on all ranges

AC Voltage

RANGE	ACCURACY	RESOLUTION
200mV	± 1 2%, of rdg ± 3 digits	100µV
2V	The policing of the RED top made in 1-	1mV
20V	± 0.8%, of rdg ± 3 digits	10mV
200V	triams is designed to agree the interns	100mV
700V	± 1 2%, of rdg ± 3 digits	1٧

Input Impedance 10M ohm on all ranges. Frequency Renge 40Hz to 400Hz

Overload Protection 750V rms or 1000V peak continuous on ac ranges except. 200mV ac range (15 seconds maximum above 300V rms)

Indication Average (rms of sine wave)

DC Current

RANGE	ACCURACY	RESOLUTION
2mA	NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF SOLUTION OF SOLUTIONS O	1μΑ
20mA	±1.2%, or rdg ± 5 digit	10μΑ
200mA	± 1 2%, or rdg ± 5 digits	100μΑ
20A	± 2%, or rdg ± 5 digits	10mA

Overload protection:0.2A/250V fuse. (20A range not fused.)
Maximum Input Current:20A, 15 sec.

AC Current

RANGE	ACCURACY	RESOLUTION
20mA	± 1 2% or rdg ± 3 digits	10μΑ
200mA	± 20% of rdg ± 3 digits	100µА
20A	± 3%, of rdg ± 7 digits	10mA

Overload Protection: 0.2A/250V fuse. (20A range not fused.)
Frequency Range: 40Hz to 400Hz.
Maximum Input Current: 20A 15 sec.
Indication: Average (rms of sine wave)

RANGE	ACCURACY	RESOLUTION
200 ohm	± 0.8%, of rdg ± 3 digits	0.1 ohm
2k ohm	стенатіся	1 ohm
20k ohm	± 0.8%, of rdg ± 1 digits	10 ohm
200k ohm		100 ohm
2M ohm	VSL - 201 metrys	1k ohm
20M ohm	± 1%, of rdg ± 2 digits	10K ohm
2000M ohm	± 5%. of (rdg -10 digits) ± 10 digits	100K ohm

On 200M ohm range, if short the two test leads, display reading is 10 digits, this 10 digits should be subtracted from measurement results

Capacitance

RANGE	ACCURACY	RESOLUTION
2000pF	Sept N) equipment of the sept to the sept	1PF
20nF	, (start	10PF
200nF	± 2 5%, of rdg ± 5 digits	100PF
2μF		1nF
20μF		10nF
200 #F	± 5%, of rdg ± 5 digits	eggs fon essit ziffr ill

Temperature

RANGE	TEMPERATURE RAGE	ACCURACY	RESOLUTION
71011	★ -50℃ -400℃	± 0.75% of rdg ± 3°C	10
T	★ 400℃ -1000℃	± 1.5% of rdg ± 15°C	10
	★ ★ 0℃ -40℃	± 20	10

- ★ Using T type thermocouple probe
- ★ Build-in temperature sensor

Range	Accuracy	Resolution
200KHz	± 1% of rdg ± 1 dight	100Hz

Overload Protection: AC 220 Vrms 4. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum.Display :1999 counts (31/2 digits) with automatic

polarity indication and eng unit

Measuring Method Dual - Slope integration A - D converter system.

Overrange Indication "1" Figure only in the display

Maximum common mode voltage 500V dc/ac rms.

Reading rate 2-3 reading per sec (approximate)

Temperature for guaranteed accuracy 23°C to ± 5°C

Temperature Ranges Operating 0°C to 40°C, 32°F to 104°F.Storage = 10°C to 50°C, 14°F to

122° F.
Power Supply :One 9-volt battery (NEDA 1604 6F22

TYPE or equivalent).

Low Battery Indication : + to left of display

Weight 340g (including 9 volt batteries).

Accessories Operating manual Set of test leads
Optional Accessories Thermocouple (K type, 400°).

Spare fuse (200mA/250V fast below

1901 type), ands

9V Battery (Zinc - Carbon type.)

Soft Carring case.

5. OPERATION

- Check the 9-volt battery by setting the ON-OFF switch to ON if the battery is weak,a sign will appear on the display.
- It this does not appear on the display proceed as below. See MAINTENANCE if the battery has to be replaced.
- 2.The mark, or sign, next to the test lead jacks, is for warning that the input voltage or current should not exceed the indicated values.
- This is to prevent demage to the internal circuity.

 3. The function switch should be set to the range which you want to test before operation.
- 4.If the voltage or current range is not known beforehand set the FUNCTION switch to a high range and work down.
- 5.When only the figure "1" is displayed, overrange is being indicates and the FUNCTION switch must be set to a higher range.

5.1)DC Voltage Measurement

1. Connect the BLACK test lead to the COM jack and the RED test lead to the

V/Ωiack

2.Set the FUNCTION switch to the V=range to be used and connect the test leads across the source or load under measurement

The polarity of the RED lead connection will be indicated at the same time as the voltage.

Note:

⚠ Do not apply more than 1000V to the input Indication is possible at higher voltages but there is danger of damaging the internal circuity.

5.2)AC Voltage Measurement

- Connect the BLACK test lead to the COM jack and the RED test lead to the V/Ωjack
- Set the FUNCTION switch to the V~ range to be used and connect the test leads across the source or load under measurement

Note:

A⁶ Do not apply more than 700V rms to the input indication is possible at higher voltages but there is danger of damaging the internal circuitry.

5.3)DC Current Measurement

- 1 Connect the BLACK test lead to the COM jack and the RED test lead to the mA jeck for a Maximum of 200mA. For a maximum of 20A move the red test lead to the 20A jack.
- 2 Set the FUNCTION switch to the A— range to be used and connect the test leads in series with the load under measurement The polarity at the RED test lead connection will be indicated at the same time as the curren.

Note:

The Maximum input current is 200mA or 20A depending on the lack used Excessive current will blow the fuse which must be replaced. The 20A range is not protected by a fuse. The fuse rating should be 200mA and no more to prevent damage to the internal circuitry. The Maximum terminal voltage drop is 200mV.

5.4)AC Current Measurement

- Connect the BLACK test lead to the COM jack and the RED test lead to the mA jack for a maximum of 200mA For a maximum of 20A move the RED test lead to the 20A jack.
- 2 Set the FUNCTION switch to the A~ range to be used and connect the test lead in series with the load under measurement

Note.

The Maximum input current is 200mA.or 20A depending upon the jack used Excessive current will blow the fuse which must be replaced. The 20A Range is not protected by a fuse. The fuse rating should be 200mA and no

more, to prevent damage to the internal circuitry. The maximum terminal voltage drop is 200mV.

5.5) Resistance Measurement

- 1 Connect the BLACK test lead to the COM jack and the RED test lead to the V/Ωjack (Note: The polarity of the RED test lead is "+")
- 2 Set the FUNCTION switch to the Ω range to be used and connect the test leads across the resistance under measurement.

Note:

- 1.If the resistance value being measured exceeds the maximum value of the range selected an over-range indication will be displayed("1") Select a higner range For resistance of approximately 1 megohm and above, the Meter may take a few seconds to become stable. This is normal for high resistance readings.
- 2. When the input is not connected, i.e. at open circuit, the figure "1" will be displayed for the overrange condition.
- 3 When checking in circuit resistance, be sure the circuit under test has all power removed and that all capacitors are fully discharged.
- 4 200MΩ range open circuit voltage is 3V. Display reading is 10 digits when test leads short, this is normal, when measure 10MΩ resistor (on 200MΩ range), display reading is 20, measure 100Mohm (on 200M range) display reading is 110. The 10 digits is a constant and should be subtracted from the reading.

5.6) Capacitance Measurements

- 1 Before connecting the test capacitor, note the display which may have readings other than zero each time the range is changed. This offset reading will not af fect the accuracy for it can be overriden by true value.
- 2 Connect the test capacitor to the input sockets (not test leads) noting the polarity connections when required

Note:

- 1 When test individual capacitors, insert the 'eads into the two sockets, with "+" (upper socket)." "(Lower socket).at the left of the pannel. (Capacitors should be discharged before being inserted into the test-jack.)
- 2. When testing polarized capacitors, for example, the tantalum type, particular attention must be paid to the polarity connections. This is to prevent possible damage to the capacitor.

When testing large capacitances, note that there will be a certain time lag before the final indication

Units 1pF = 10-6 uF InF = 10-3 uF

A:Do not connect an external voltage or a charged capacitor (especially larger capacitors) to the measuring terminals.

5.7) Diode Measurement and Continuity Test

- Connect the BLACK test lead to the COM jack and the RED test lead to the V/Ωjack. (Note: The polarity of the RED test lead is "+")
- 2 Set the FUNCTION switch to the # # range and connect the test leads

across the diode under measurement, display shows the approx forward voltage of this diode

3 Connect the test leads to two points of circuit, if the resistance is lower than approx 30Ω. Buzzer sounds

5.8) Transistor hFE Test

1 Set the FUNCTION switch to the hFE range.

- 2 Determine whether the transistor is NPN or PNP and locate the Emitter. Base and collector leads. Insert the leads into the proper holes in the socket on the front panel
- 3 The display will read the approximate hFE value at the test condition Base. Current 10μA, VCE 2.8V.

5.9) Temperature Measurement

- 1 Measure temperature with K type thermocouple Set the FUNCTION switch to the Trange and insert the K type thermocouple plug into K PROBE socket
- 2 Measure ambient temperature without probe: On the same T range, display reading is the ambient temperature in t

5.10)Frequency test

- 1 Connect test Leads or shield cable to COM and F/V/Ωiack.
- 2 Set the FUNCTION switch to KHZ range, and connect test leads or cable across the source or load under measurement.
- 1 At Do not apply more than 220 Vrms to the input, indication is possible at voltage higher than 10 Vrms, but readings may be out of specification.
- 2 In noisy environment, it is preferable to use shield cable for measuring small signal.

5.11) Auto Power-off (Optional Function)

Automatic Power – off extends the life of the battery by turning the meter off if no rotary function switch is operated for about 15 min. The meter turns back on if either the rotary switch is turned or the power switch is pressed again.

6 MAINTENANCE

Battery and/or fuse replacement should only be done aner the test leads have been disconnected and POWER OFF

6.1)9-Volt Battery Replacement

Note the condition of the 9 - volt battery using the procedure described above, if the battery needs to be replaced, open the back cover remove the spent battery and replace it with a battery of the same type.

6.2) Fuse Replacement

Should the fuse need replacement use only 200mA fuses identicial in physical size to the original.

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